

J Series High Voltage Power Supply

General Description

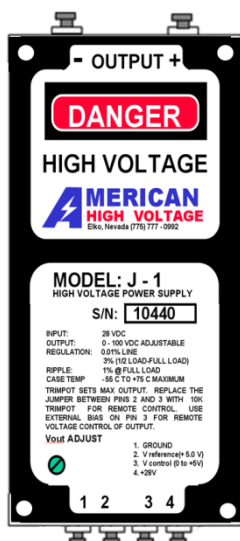
The J Series high voltage power supplies are regulated modules that provide outputs of up to 10kV and power levels to 3 Watts. The output voltage of each power supply is floating with respect to the input line. This allows either polarity to be configured. The output voltage of the J may be varied either with the unit trimpot, an external potentiometer, or via an external control signal. All J models offer 0.01% line regulation and 3% maximum half load to full load regulation. The output ripple is typically less than 1% at full power. All J's are reverse input voltage and short circuit protected.

Features

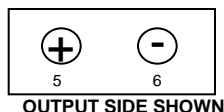
Floating Output
Encapsulated
100 VDC to 10,000 VDC models available
3 Watt power
24 VDC input
Trimpot, Resistance or Voltage program



Connection Diagram

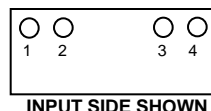


INPUT SIDE SHOWN



Pins:

5. + HV output
6. - HV output



Pins:

1. Ground
2. +5.0V Reference
3. Vcontrol
4. +24 VDC input

Electrical Characteristics

(at 25 degrees C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions		Value			Units
			Min	Typical	Max	
Supply Voltage*:			21.6	24	26.4	VDC
Input Current:	No Load:		160	175	185	mA
	Full Load: (3W)		550	600	650	mA
Output Ripple:	No Load (all models):		0.7%	0.7%	1%	Vpp
	Full Load (all models):		0.8%	0.8%	1%	Vpp
Load Regulation:	No Load to Full Load				20%	V _{NL} /V _L
	Half Load to Full Load				3%	V _{NL} /V _L
Output Linearity	No Load			1%		$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{OUT} (ideal)}$
Output Linearity	Full Load (all models):			1%		$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{OUT} (ideal)}$
Short Circuit Current:				250	350	mA
Power Efficiency:	Full Load (3W)		60%	65%	65%	P _{OUT} /P _{IN}
Reverse Input Polarity	Protected to 50 VDC					
Temperature Drift:	No Load				200	ppm/DegC
	Full Load				200	ppm/Deg C
Thermal Rise:	No Load (case)				15	degrees C
	Full Load (case) (3W)				25	degrees C
Slew Rate (10% - 90%)	No Load				100	mS
	Full Load				120	mS
Slew Rate (90% - 10%)	No Load				300	mS
	Full Load				200	mS
Drain Out Time	No Load (5 TC)				150	mS

* Other input voltages available: 15VDC, 28VDC and 48VDC

Physical Characteristics

(at 25 degrees C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
Dimensions	MKS English	38.1 W x 76.2L x 20.6 H mm 1.5 W x 3.0 L x 0.81 H	inches
Volume:	MKS English	60 3.65	cm ³ inch ³
Mass:	MKS English	120 4.3	grams oz
Packaging:	Black anodized aluminum case with RTV elastomer encapsulation		
Finish	Smooth brushed aluminum		
Terminations:	Input and control: Teflon terminals (4) HV Output: Teflon terminals (2)		

Environmental Characteristics

(at 25 degrees C unless otherwise specified)

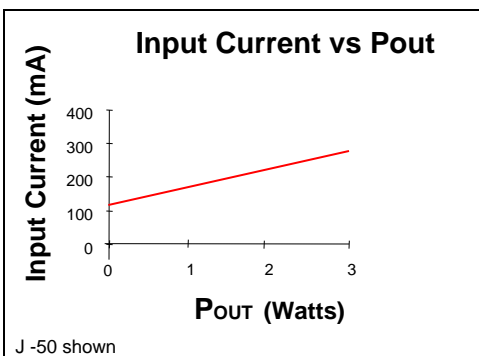
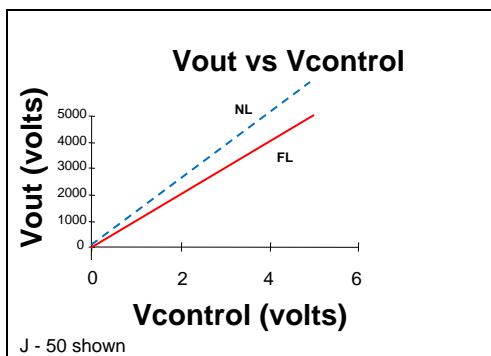
Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
Temperature Range	case temperature case temperature	-40 degrees to + 71 degrees -40 degrees to + 160 degrees	Celsius Fahrenheit
Shock:	MIL-STD-810 Method 516	40 g's	Proc IV
Altitude:	pins sealed against corona pins sealed against corona	-350 to + 16,700 -1,000 to +55,000	meters feet
Vibrations:	MIL-STD-810 Method 514	20 g's	Curve E
Thermal Shock	MIL-STD-810 Method 504	-40 deg C to + 71 deg C	Class 2



Models Available (as of August 2019):
(Vin = 24 VDC)

Model	Output Voltage Range	Power	Ripple (max)
J-1	0 – 100 VDC	3 Watts	1 Vpp
J-3	0 – 300 VDC	3 Watts	3 Vpp
J-6	0 – 600 VDC	3 Watts	6 Vpp
J-12	0 – 1,200 VDC	3 Watts	12 Vpp
J-25	0 – 2,500 VDC	3 Watts	25 Vpp
J-50	0 – 5,000 VDC	3 Watts	50 Vpp
J-100	0 – 10,000 VDC	3 Watts	100 Vpp

J Series Performance Charts



J Series Application Notes

The J Series high voltage power supplies are powered by an input voltage of 24 VDC. They can be adjusted to provide a set output voltage or they can be controlled either by an external resistance or an external voltage. By connecting the Vcontrol pin (Pin 3) to the +5.0 volt reference pin (Pin 2) the maximum output voltage of the power supply is obtained and is adjustable via the trimpot located on the top of the power supply. Reductions in output voltage to 30% of maximum are possible by this method. This is shown in Figure 1 below. The maximum voltage is fixed by the model and is a quasi-regulated output. In this configuration, the output voltage will not vary with input line fluctuations or small load changes up to the maximum power rating for the power supply. For standard 24 VDC input models, the input line may vary from 21.6 VDC to 26.4 VDC and the output voltage will remain regulated within 0.01%. Standard output loads may be as high as 3 Watts of power. The input AC bypass capacitor C1 is optional and is utilized to prevent switching spikes from riding back on the input power lines. Values of 0.1 uF to 10 uF are commonly used.

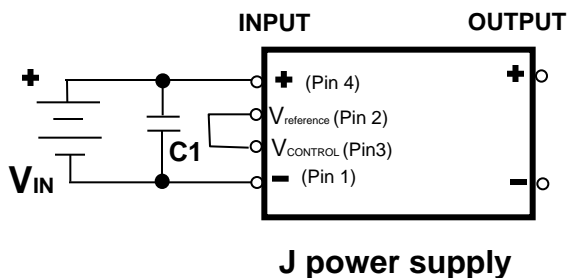


Figure 1: Basic J hookup schematic for maximum output

The output voltage of the J unit may be programmed from an external voltage. It may be reduced in magnitude by placing a voltage lower than the +5.0 volt reference voltage onto the Vcontrol pin (Pin 3). By placing a voltage of +2.5 VDC onto the control voltage pin the output will be reduced in half. Figure 2 details a simple method of using an external voltage source to vary the output voltage of the J power supply. Typical values of input impedance for the J are 5K Ohms. This makes programming via a DAC or operational amplifier an easy chore for the J power supply. The control voltage is referenced to the input ground. There is no connection between the input ground and output HV return in all J power supplies.

J Series Application Notes (continued)

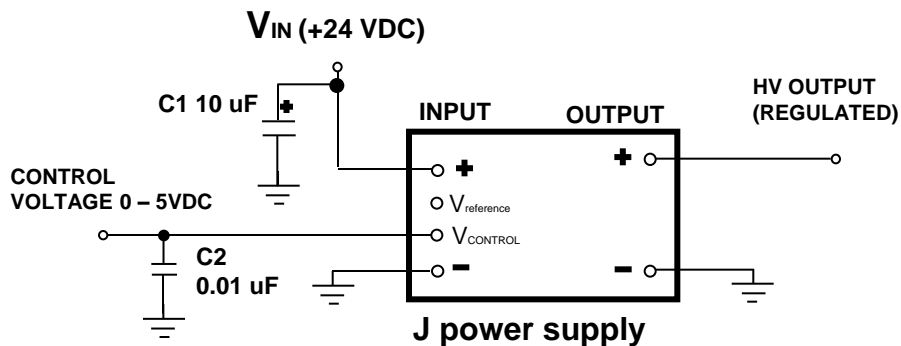


Figure 2: Voltage programming

Capacitor C1 removes switching spikes from the input line and C2 is an AC bypass to insure smooth voltage control levels.

The J power supply may also be programmed by using a simple trimpot and the internal +5.0 volt reference. Figure 3 shows this topology. Because the input impedance of the control voltage pin is 5K Ohms, the output of the J may be controlled between minimum and maximum values using the formulas given. The output in both configurations can always be lowered or adjusted via the internal trimpot located on the top surface of the power supply.

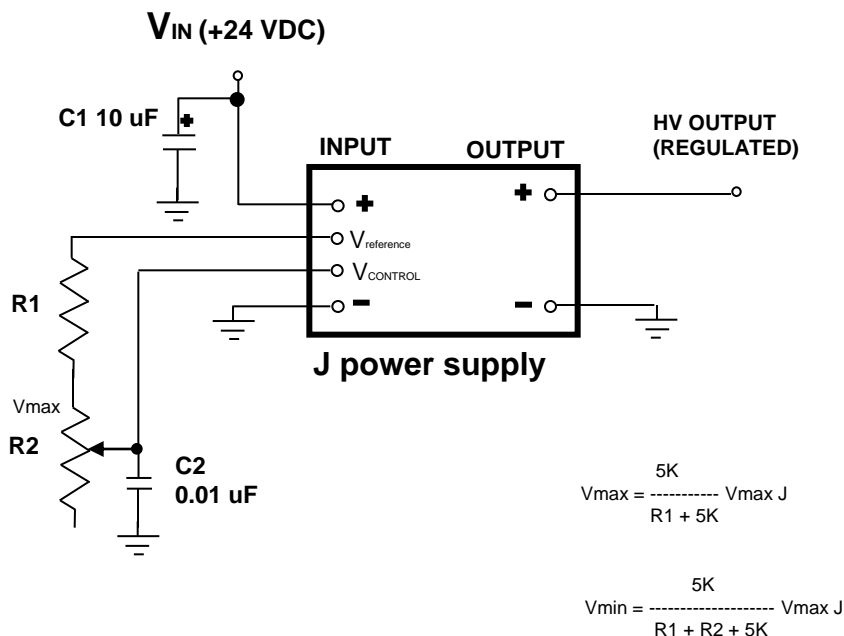
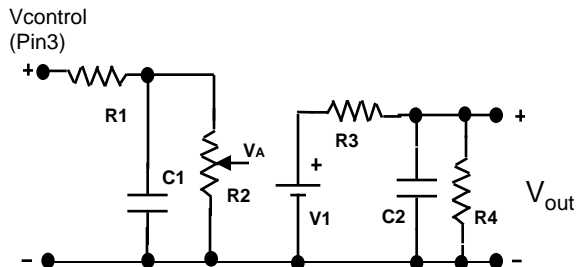


Figure 3: Resistance Programming

Equivalent J Circuit Model



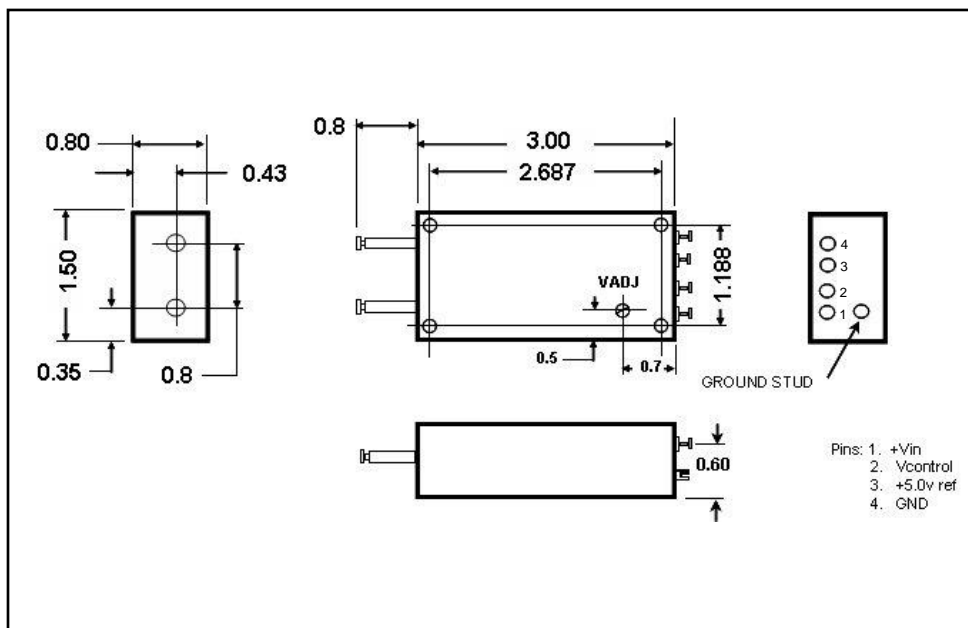
Equivalent J HVPS Circuit Model

$R1 = 100 \text{ Ohms}$
 $R2 = 5K \text{ Ohms (trimpot)}$
 $R3 = (5 \times V_{out_max}) \text{ Ohms}$
 $R4 = (10 \times V_{out_max}^2) \text{ Ohms}$
 $C1 = (0.01 \times 10^{-6}) \text{ Farads}$
 $C2 = (0.008 \times I_{out_max} / V_{out_max}) \text{ Farads}$
 $V1 = (V_A \times V_{out_max} / 5.0) \text{ Volts}$

For example, for an J - 50/15 :

$V_{out_max} = 5,000 \text{ V}$
 $P_{out_max} = 3 \text{ W}$
 $I_{out_max} = 0.0006 \text{ A}$
 $R1 = 100 \text{ Ohms}$
 $R2 = 5K \text{ Ohms}$
 $R3 = 25K \text{ Ohms}$
 $R4 = 250 \text{ Megohm}$
 $C1 = 0.01 \text{ uF}$
 $C2 = 960 \text{ pF}$

Outline Drawing: (inches (millimeters))



Ordering Information:

J - X

X = Output voltage

Example:

J - 6 Maximum output = 600 V 3 Watts 15 VDC input